

Investment in the Agribusiness, Extractive and Infrastructure Sectors of Myanmar

**Overview and Discussion of Results** 

D. Bryson Ogden Rights and Resources Initiative Phuket, Thailand July 23, 2014



























Objective: To characterize and quantify the regional investment trends of organizations investing in agribusiness, infrastructure, and extractive industries, to better understand their roles in land acquisition as related to deforestation and human rights.

## Outline:

- I. Background & Rationale
- II. Methodology
- III. Discussion of Results
- IV. Summary & Links to Conversion Timber

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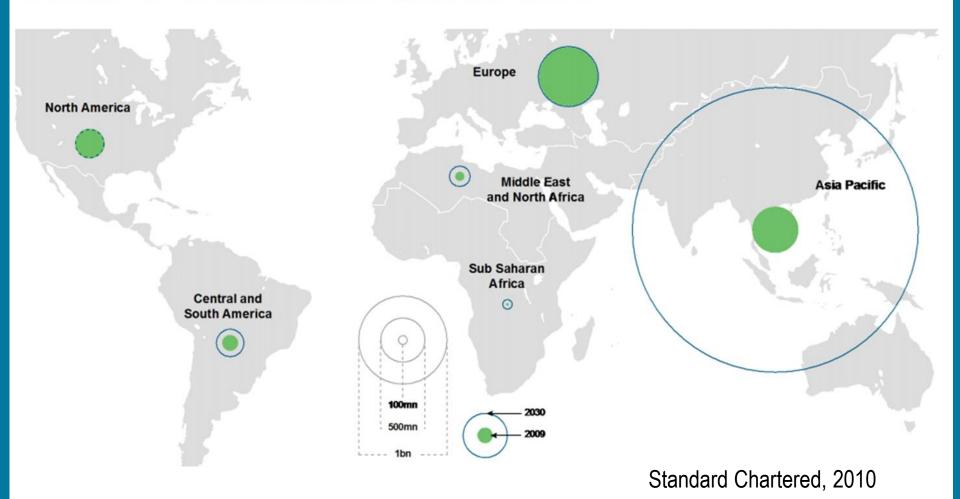


## Background & Rationale

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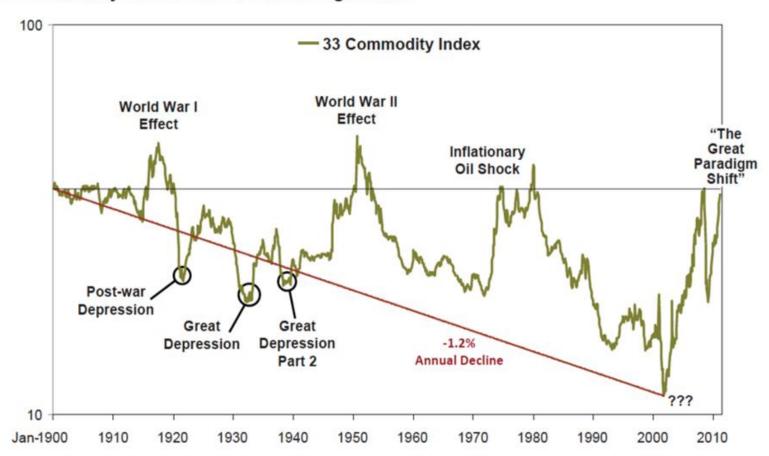
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## Size of the middle class in 2009 and prediction for 2030





GMO Commodity Index: The Great Paradigm Shift



Note: The GMO commodity index is an index comprised of the following 33 commodities, equally weighted at initiation: aluminum, coal, coconut oil, coffee, copper, corn, cotton, diammonium phosphate, flaxseed, gold, iron ore, jute, lard, lead, natural gas, nickel, oil, palladium, palm oil, pepper, platinum, plywood, rubber, silver, sorghum, soybeans, sugar, tin, tobacco, uranium, wheat, wool, zinc.

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Source: GMO As of 2/28/11



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# **203 million hectares**

...in global land acquisitions approved or under negotiation between **2000 and 2010** (Anseeuw, Alden Wily, Cotula, & Taylor, 2012)

Proximate drivers:

- Farm production
- Forest conversion
- Industrial development
- Mineral Extraction

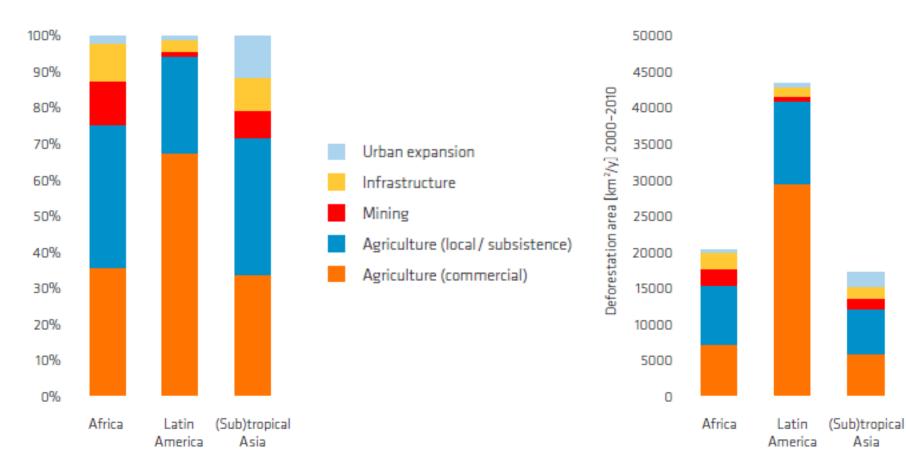


a) Proportion of deforestation drivers

#### b) Area proportion of deforestation drivers

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Asia





- "... land tenure problems can inflate a project's expenditures by an order of magnitude, and in some cases, these losses have been great enough to endanger the future of the corporate parent itself." (Munden, 2012)
- "... industrial concessions on public lands representing 31% of hectares sampled had some overlap with demarcated local territory." (Munden, 2013)
- "... a major, world-class mining project with capital expenditure of between in US\$3-5 billion will suffer roughly USD\$20 million per week of delayed production in Net Present Value (NPV) terms" due to land tenure risk. (Davis & Franks, 2013)
- 30% of global oil and gas production of oil and gas companies listed on the Russell 1000 is sourced either on or near Indigenous Peoples lands. (Indigenous Peoples Worldwide, 2013)



# Factors Contributing to Degree of Exposure

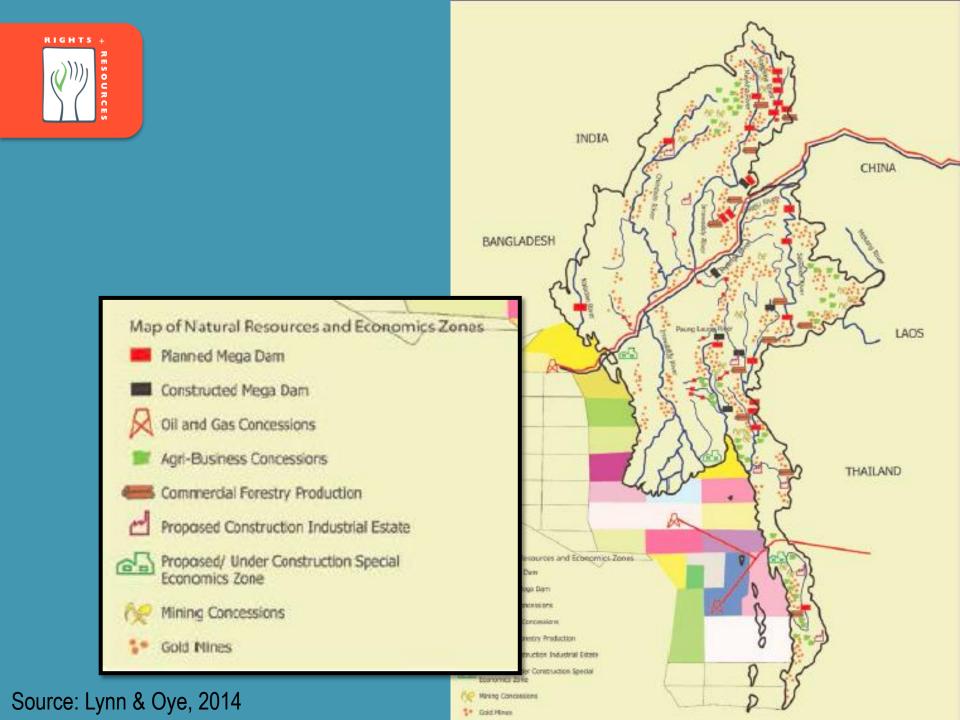
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## Contributing factors:

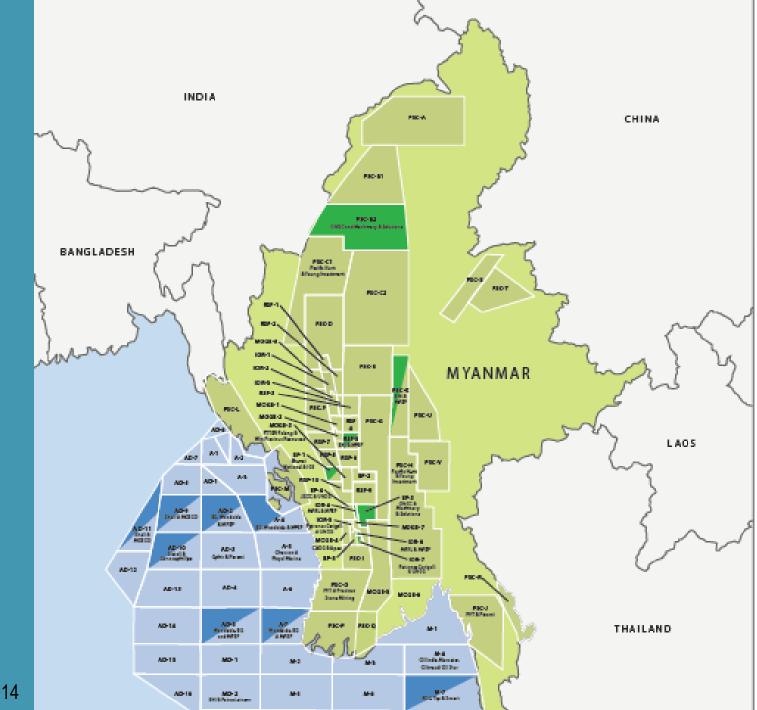
- Financing structure
- Geographic concentration
- Supply diversification
- Revenue diversification



- I. Which sectors are most likely to impinge on the tenure rights of communities?
  - Spatial/Concession data
  - Investment data
- II. From where is investment coming?
- III. Which sectors/companies are most sensitive to tenure risk?
  - Financial data
  - Presence of CSR policy







Source: Global Witness 2014



Myanmar						
Organizations	139	Total Identified Concession Area	15.0 million hectares			
Spatial Data Available	40	Total Budgeted Investment*	\$13.3 billion			
Publicly Traded	26	Total Committed Investment*	\$771.8 million			
Countries Represented	23	CSR/Environmental Policy Statement	8			

\*Existing operations, as of FYE 2012

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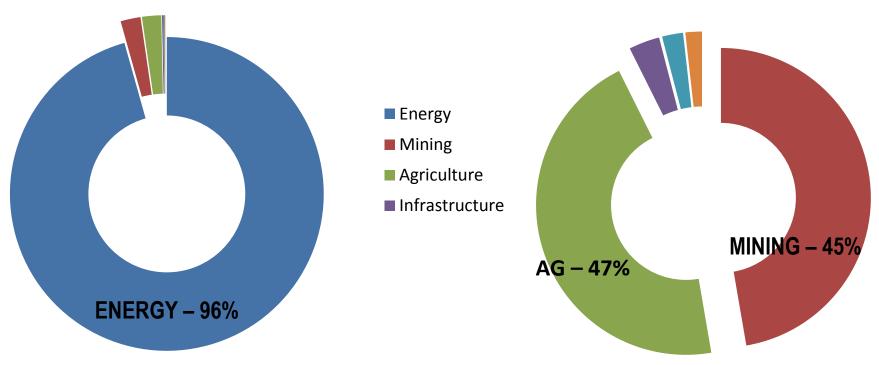


# Total Identified Concession Area 15.0 million hectares

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## **Area - Sector**



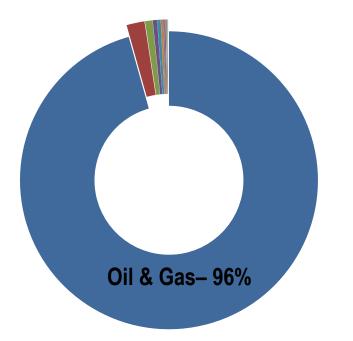




# **Total Identified Concession Area** 15.0 million hectares

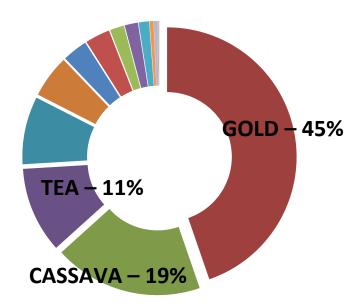
## **Area - Resource**

Area – Less Energy





Fish

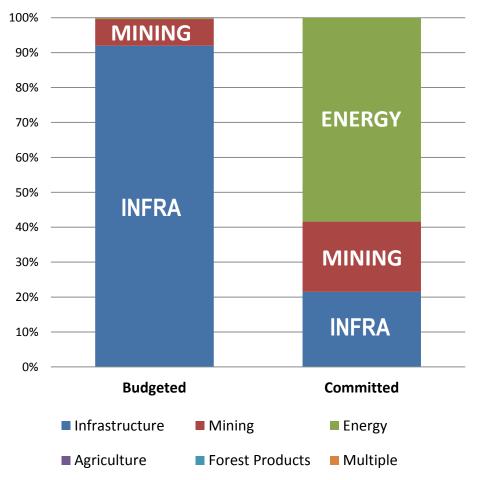




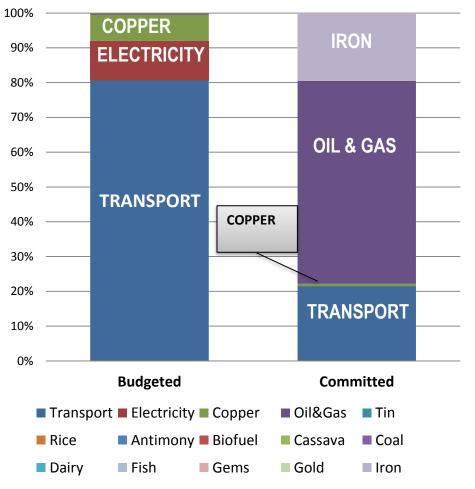
# Total Budgeted Investment –US\$13.3 billionTotal Committed Investment –US\$771.8 million

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#### **Investment - Sector**



Investment - Resource





# Country breakdown...

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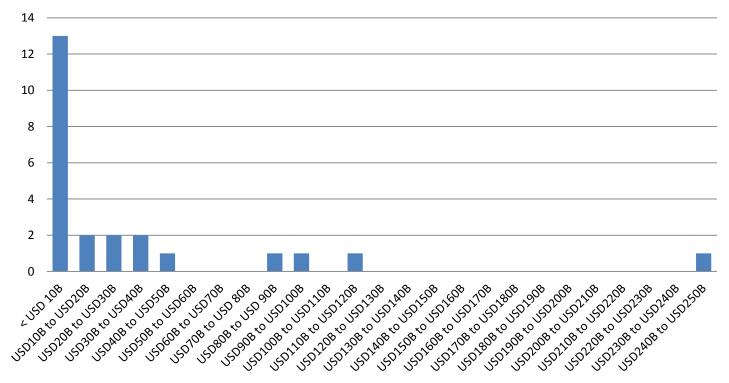
Country	Agriculture	Mining	Energy	Infrastructure	Forest Products	Multiple	Finance	Total
Myanmar	7	28	12	10	3	7		67
China	1	12	3	1	1			18
Japan	1	1		6				8
Thailand		4	1	2				7
India			3	2				5
Russia		2	2					4
South Korea			1	3				4
Singapore			2			1		3
Unknown				1			2	3
Australia		1	1					2
Italy		1	1					2
Luxembourg		1	1					2
Malaysia	1		1					2
United Kingdom		1					1	2
Vietnam		1					1	2
Brunei			1					1
Canada		1						1
France			1					1
Hong Kong							1	1
Indonesia		1						1
New Zealand	1							1
Pakistan			1					1
USA				1				1
Total	11	54	31	26	4	8	5	139



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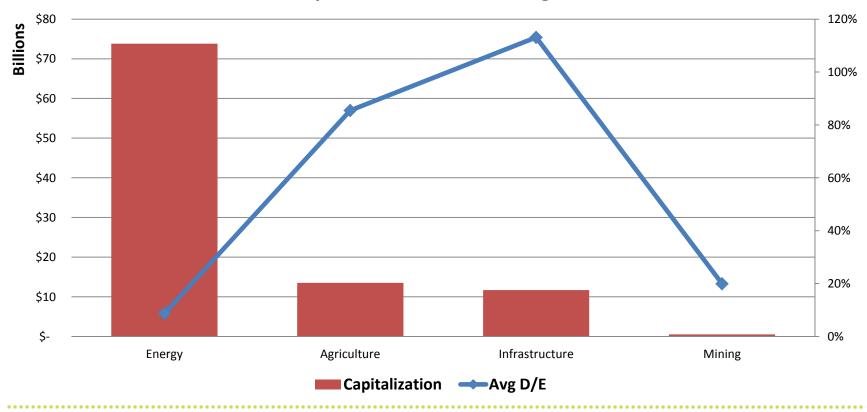
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#### Frequency Distribution – Market Cap USD





#### **Market Capitalization and Leverage - Sector**

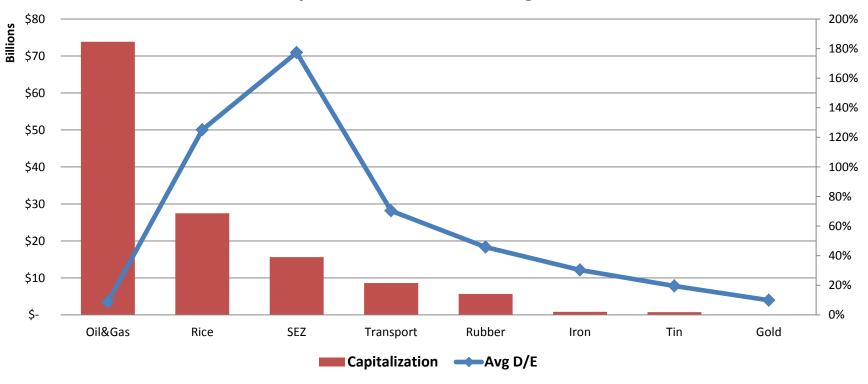




# Major East Asian firms involved in SEZ development – highly leveraged.

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#### **Market Capitalization and Leverage - Resource**





#### Mining

- Chinese and local firms involved at known deposits
- No Western firms involved in mineral exploitation
- Handful of firms evaluating exploration opportunities

## Energy

- Onshore exploration activity set to greatly increase after 2011 and 2013 auctions
- Multinational, public firms involved primarily from Asia

## Agriculture

- Interest from Malaysian and Indonesian multinationals for palm
- Foreign interest in commercial rice/pulse production
- Rubber and biofuel production opaque
- IFC involvement with Serge Pun (Yoma Strategic Holdings)



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#### Infrastructure

- Major Japanese, Korean, Indian, and Chinese multinationals involved in petroleum and gas transport and Special Economic Zone development
- Most highly leveraged

#### **Forest Products**

- Majority domestic none publicly traded
- Many companies that produce timber also operate in minerals and industrial sectors (i.e. crony conglomerates)



- Many companies, few are publicly traded, general lack of transparency
- Little western involvement (supply chain lever)
- Majority of companies are a certain type:
  - small, risk taking,
  - local/regional firms
  - large-cap international firms
- Energy sector as exploration ramps up, building of roads and pads for drilling may facilitate timber clearance
- Mining sector exploration likely to ramp up, will require access roads etc.; few western companies involved
- Forestry companies little information; local partnership by crony companies with foreign energy, mining, and agricultural companies
- Agriculture little information other than well publicized conflicts (Yuzana, etc.); state has published what it wants to convert for agriculture



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Top Ten Shareholders (17 February 2014)			
PTT Public Company Ltd.	65.286%		
Thai NDVR Company Ltd.	3.680%		
State Street Bank and Trust Co.	2.162%		
State Street Bank Europe	2.032%		
HSBC (Singapore)	1.854%		
Bank of New York	1.393%		
Chase	1.362%		
<b>BNP</b> Paribas Securities	1.337%		
Nortrust Nominees	1.039%		
Bank of New York Mellon	.986%		



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# **Questions?**

bogden@rightsandresources.org

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